

Helsinki school energy storage

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Research on new energy technologies atOtaniemi Campus was originally initiated at the Department of EngineeringPhysics (Helsinki University of Technology)in 1979. Early work included solar energy and energy storage.

The current research focus is on solar cells and fuel cells (materials and devices), and complex systemic issues with large-scale renewableenergy schemes (systems). Specific topics include flexible and wearable nano-solar cells, nano-composites for low-temperature solid oxide fuel cells, energy-flexibility, energy frugality,.

The group is responsible for advanced and renewable energy teaching both on undergraduate, graduate, and postgraduate levels within the PHYS-Programme in Engineering Physics. Aspecialization package in new energy technologies is provided. The group is also coordinating the Multidisciplinary Energy Sciences M.Sc. minor offered to all Aalto U students.

The group is lead by Professor Peter D. Lund. Keypeople in the group includeUniversity Lecturer (Mr.) Janne Halme (solar cells), Research Fellow (Mrs.) Kati Miettunen (solar cells), Research Coordinator (Mr.) Imran Asghar (fuel cells), Post-Doc (Mrs.) Kerttu Aitola (solar cells). In addition, seven doctoral students (+four at VTT) and several B.Sc. and M.Sc-levelresearch assistants are enrolled in the group ternational visiting researchers are hosted on regular basis. Docents (adjunct) are Dr. Hannele Holttinen (VTT, wind power), Dr. Janne Halme (Aalto U, solar energy), Dr. Kati Miettunen (Aalto U/CHEM, solar cells), Dr. Imran Asghar (Aalto U, nanomaterials for energy).

A dye-sensitized solar cell (DSSC) is a molecular level electrochemical solar cell, where light absorption and current generation occurs in dye molecules attached to a nanostructured TiO2electrode. Mainadvantages are a rather good efficiency withsimple manufacturing methods, economic and abundant materials, and lending tohigh throughput roll-to-roll production. DSSCresearch requiresmultidisciplinary research e.g. combiningphysics, chemistry, materials, end engineering.

The work on DSSCswas initiated in our groupin 2001. Theresearch focus is on cell materials and preparation methods, impedance spectroscopy of charge transport in the cells, optical characterization of the cells and identification of factors affecting their long-term stability. Special emphasis is laid on flexible DSSCs, e.g., on plastic or metal sheets (collaboration with industries) and new materials,e.g. cobalt-complexes, perovskites. The efficiency obtained with our metal-based DSSCs is among the best in the world.

Key research topics include:

Contact persons: Dr. Janne Halme, Dr. Kati Miettunen, Dr. Ghufran Hashmi, Professor Peter Lund ()



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Fuel cells are electrochemical devices that convert the chemical energy offuel and oxidant directly into electricity and heat. Fuel cells offer high efficiency, low emissions, modularity and quiet operation. Fuel cells are a promising candidate for powering a wide range of applications, from portable electronics to micro-power plants.

Fuel cells research in our group started in the early 1990s on low-temperature PEM fuel cells and hydrogen storage. Presently, we workon nano-composites for low-temperature SOFC fuel cells operating at400-600?C. The focus is on new nanomaterials to improve performance and lifetime of these cells.Research topics include:

Contact persons: Dr. Imran Asghar, Mr. Sami Jouttij?rvi, Professor Peter Lund ()

New energy technologies and systems link closely to global energy issues and future energy solutions as well as to distributed power generation.

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