



Singapore solar incentives

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Home – Solar Savings – Harnessing Solar Power: Exploring Solar Energy Opportunities in Singapore

Solar energy is leading the way towards a greener future. With the government setting targets and abundant sunlight to harness, Singapore is on track to be a renewable energy leader.

Solar energy emerges as the most promising renewable energy source in Singapore, thanks to the nation's abundant sunlight. With an average annual solar irradiance of 1,580 kWh/m²/year, Singapore receives about 50% more solar radiation compared to countries in temperate climates. This natural advantage positions solar energy as a reliable and efficient solution to meet the nation's energy needs while reducing carbon emissions.

In Singapore's roadmap towards sustainability, one of the key targets is to ramp up the deployment of solar energy significantly. By 2025, the aim is to reach a capacity of at least 1.5 gigawatt-peak (GWp), which is projected to meet around 2% of the nation's electricity demand. Looking further ahead to 2030, Singapore aims to achieve a capacity of 2 gigawatt-peak (GWp), which could power more than 350,000 households annually, as outlined in the SG Green Plan. These targets underscore Singapore's commitment to harnessing renewable energy sources for a greener, more sustainable future.

Solar energy is catching on fast in Singapore as people and businesses see how it can change the way we get our electricity. The benefits of solar panels extend beyond reducing carbon emissions; they also offer significant long-term cost savings on energy bills while enhancing energy independence. From solar panels for homes to commercial installations, solar energy adoption is becoming common, driving the nation towards a greener and more sustainable future.

One notable initiative driving solar energy adoption in Singapore is SolarNova, a government-led initiative aimed at installing solar systems on Housing and Development Board (HDB) roofs and public sector buildings. This initiative aligns harmoniously with broader sustainability objectives, including the HDB Green Town Plan, which envisions the installation of solar panels on HDB buildings. SolarNova underscores Singapore's commitment to integrating renewable energy solutions into its urban landscape, paving the way for a more sustainable future.

Renewable energy companies in Singapore are also making strides in harnessing solar energy beyond traditional rooftop installations. The Sembcorp Tengeh Floating Solar Farm stands as one of the world's largest inland floating solar PV systems, boasting 122,000 solar panels spread across an area equivalent to about 45 football fields with a capacity of 60 megawatt-peak (MWp).



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Additionally, offshore spaces are being utilised for solar energy generation -- projects like Sunseap EDPR's 5 MWp solar farm at Woodlands, is projected to produce an estimated 6,022,500 kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy annually.

The SolarLand programme, led by JTC, involves the installation of modular solar PV systems on temporary vacant land. Currently implemented on Jurong Island and at Changi Business Park, these solar PV systems represent an innovative approach to leveraging unused spaces for renewable energy generation, contributing to Singapore's sustainable development goals.

Building Integrated Solar Photovoltaic (BIPV) systems offer a seamless integration of solar PV technology into the design of commercial buildings. Beyond their sustainable benefits, BIPV systems provide visually appealing solutions for clean energy generation, showcasing Singapore's commitment to sustainable urban development. Furthermore, commercial buildings can explore the adoption of solar panels through power purchase agreements, providing a flexible and cost-effective approach to renewable energy procurement.

To encourage the adoption of solar energy among homeowners and businesses in Singapore, the government offers various financial incentives. These include grants, rebates, and subsidies to offset the initial prices of installing solar panels.

Solar net metering in Singapore is a billing mechanism that credits owners of solar panel systems for the excess energy they generate. While Singapore doesn't offer a full net metering scheme, consumers can choose to sell surplus solar electricity back to the grid by registering either with SP Services (SPS) or the Energy Market Company (EMC).

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