



Solar panel options

If you"ve considered adding solar panels to your home, you"ve probably also considered the amount of money and energy you could save by doing so. The potential savings is important, of course, but it isn"t the only thing to keep in mind when it comes to making the switch--you also need to decide what type of solar panels are right for you.

Because there are several types to choose from, it isn't as easy as simply scheduling an installation appointment.Featured Partners

The first thing to do when figuring out which type of solar panel is right for your home is to acquaint yourself with the choices at hand as well as how many solar panels you want and a list of solar panel installation companies.

According to Energy Sage, a U.S. Department of Energy-endorsed online resource that allows consumers to comparison shop for solar energy, there are three main types of solar panels available for residential use. They are: monocrystalline, polycrystalline and thin-film.

A fourth option, solar roofing shingles, is a newer and more expensive technology--but certainly a suitable (and enticing) choice for those with the budget to cover the initial costs.

When you picture rooftop solar panels, you probably picture monocrystalline simply because they are very commonly used. And while all solar panels offer some level of energy efficiency, monocrystalline is considered the most efficient of the bunch. How efficient? Up to 20%, Energy Sage reports, meaning that 20% of the sunshine that hits a monocrystalline panel is converted into usable energy. Monocrystalline panels are also:

The downside? Monocrystalline often requires a larger upfront investment than some other types of solar panels. This is because they are more expensive to make--a cost that, naturally, gets passed on to the consumer.

And if 20% isn"t quite efficient enough for you? No worries--under the monocrystalline umbrella falls an additional type of solar panel called the PERC (passivated emitter and rear cell). While use of this technology is still ramping up, experts say it offers even more efficiency than traditional monocrystalline panels (thanks to an added layer of silicon material on the panel"s back side) and isn"t particularly cost prohibitive to manufacture.

Polycrystalline panels, on the other hand, are less expensive to make and therefore less expensive for the customer. The cost difference is attributed to the manufacturing process--rather than the individual silicon

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crystals used to make monocrystalline, polycrystalline panels are made from many different pieces of silicon that are separated into fragments and melted together.

Thin-film solar panels have a few advantages over monocrystalline and polycrystalline ones. First of all, they are comparatively lightweight. They are also malleable (the others are rigid), making them easier to install than the thicker, heavier varieties.

They are also far more affordable to manufacture than other types of solar panels and also more affordable to install.

Amorphous solar panels are silicon-based, like the others, but in this case, the silicone portion is just the first of three very thin layers (the second layer is heat-conductive; the top layer is protective).

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