

## Specific speed of francis turbine

Specific speed is an index used to predict desired pump or turbine performance. i.e. it predicts the general shape of a pump's impeller. It is this impeller's "shape" that predicts its flow and head characteristics so that the designer can then select a pump or turbine most appropriate for a particular application.

The Francis turbine is a type of water turbine. It is an inward-flow reaction turbine that combines radial and axial flow concepts. Francis turbines are the most common water turbine in use today, and can achieve over 95% efficiency.

The presented methodology was applied to design the runner blade for a Francis turbine model with runner diameter  $\varnothing 250$  mm, characterized by a very high specific speed of about 95 with imposed inflow from the spiral case and an axisymmetric draft tube.

Francis turbine is a mixed flow turbine. In a Francis turbine, the water enters radially to the runner blades while exits axially. It is a combination of a reaction turbine and an impulse turbine. Francis turbines are most commonly used in large or medium hydropower plants to produce electricity.

This paper presents a comprehensive experimental analysis of a model high specific speed Francis turbine carried out at a head of 12 m, with a kinematic specific speed  $n_s Q$  of 82, which is defined according to the following formula:  $(1) n_s Q = n Q^{0.5} H^{0.75}$  where:  $n$  - the rotation speed [rpm],  $Q$  - the optimal volumetric flow rate [m<sup>3</sup>/s ...

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Received: 15 January 2017

Accepted: 26 June 2017

Published: 09 May 2018

Issue Date: April 2018

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